## ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

| A transmitter employing a cryptographic algorithm and key generates and transmits a            |
|--|
| staggered pulse signal that includes a plurality of high-power pulses that are part of a       |
| pseudonoise (PN) code. The high-power pulses are separated by a group of low-power chips       |
| and the time interval between the high-power pulses is varied according to the cryptographic   |
| algorithm and key. A receiver, employing a corresponding cryptographic algorithm and key       |
| receives the signal and correlates it with a locally generated code that is modified according |
| to the cryptographic algorithm and key to detect the phase of the received PN code. The        |
| receiver also can include a matched filter configured according to the cryptographic           |
| algorithm and key to detect the sequence of high-power pulses in the received signal.          |